# ELECTRICITY INDUSTRY PARTICIPATION CODE RECONCILIATION PARTICIPANT MATERIAL CHANGE AUDIT REPORT

For

## **ELECTRIC KIWI LIMITED**

(COMPANY # 5029980)

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Date audit commenced: 22 September 2021

Date audit report completed: 21-Jan-22

Audit report due date: 21-Jan-22

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

Table o	of contents	2
	ummary	
Audit summ	nary	4
Non-c	compliances	4
Recon	mmendations	4
Issues	s 4	
Conclusion.		71
Partic	cipant response	71

## **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

Clause 16A.11 of Part 16 requires that, if a reconciliation participant intends to make a "material" change to any certified facilities, processes or procedures, then the changes must be subject to an audit prior to the change taking place. This audit was therefore performed at the request of Electric Kiwi (ELKI) so that it can be supplied to the Electricity Authority to satisfy the requirements of clause 16A.11(1). The relevant rules audited are as required by the Reconciliation Participants Auditor Guidelines V7.2, issued by the Electricity Authority.

## Description of the material change

Currently the company is certified as a HHR trader. Electric Kiwi accepts only customers which have smart meters read remotely. This allows Kiwi Electric to offer their customers a free Hour of Power (HOP). In some instances, smart meters stop communicating due to problems with coverage. If communication can't be re-established, Electric Kiwi asks the customer to switch to another retailer. To address and improve the customer experience Electric Kiwi decided to extend their offer and seek NHH certification. This report is about assessing the compliance of processes required to trade NHH ICPs. At the time of this audit, the development of NEST to allow the trading of NHH ICPs was not fully in place yet. ELKI developed a spreadsheet called "Manual Estimation" to calculate HE (Historic Estimates) and FE (Forward Estimates) and create RM files as a steppingstone. NEST is still the main engine used to serve the Electric Kiwi customer base.

At this stage ELKI is looking for a handful of ICPs which will be reconciled as NHH. Electric Kiwi is go-live as Monday, 31st Jan 2022.

There will be no changes to ELKI's processes, such connection, disconnection, switching, signing up of customers, communication channels with customers.

- NHH reads will be stored in NEST
- Reporting will be setup to monitor accuracy and read frequency for NHH meters
- Process for the calculation of Forward Estimates (FE) and Historical Estimates (HE) is developed

#### Conclusion

During the audit we considered documentation, test plan, walked through calculation of volumes and creation of RM files. Electric Kiwi already submits NHHVOLS for ICPs with attached UML.

We thank Electric Kiwi's staff for their full and complete cooperation in this audit. Their response to any request for information or clarification was answered in a timely manner and each time, in depth supporting evidence was provided.

## **AUDIT SUMMARY**

## NON-COMPLIANCES

Subject	Section	Clause	Non Compliance	Controls	Audit Risk Rating	Breach Risk Rating	Remedial Action
Future Risk Rating							

## RECOMMENDATIONS

Subject	Section	Description	Recommendation
			Nil

## ISSUES

Subject	Section	Description	Issue
			Nil

## 1. ADMINISTRATIVE

## 1.1. Exemptions from Obligations to Comply with Code (Section 11)

#### **Code reference**

Section 11 of Electricity Industry Act 2010.

#### **Code related audit information**

Section 11 of the Electricity Industry Act provides for the Electricity Authority to exempt any participant from compliance with all or any of the clauses.

#### **Audit observation**

Electric Kiwi does not have any exemptions granted to exempt them from compliance with all or any of the clauses.

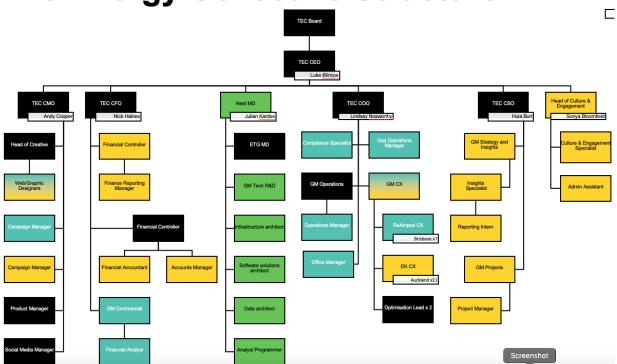
## **Audit commentary**

Electric Kiwi did not apply for any exemptions. We checked the Electricity Authority website and confirmed that there are no exemptions in place.

## 1.2. Structure of Organisation

Electric Kiwi provided a copy of their organization structure for the relevant parts of their business.

## The Energy Collective Structure



## 1.3. Persons involved in this audit

Name	Title	Company
Christopher Rao	Business Optimisation Manager	Electric Kiwi
Ross Mundel	Insights Business Partner	Electric Kiwi
Eleanor Briggs	GM Strategy & Insights	Electric Kiwi
Ewa Glowacka	Electricity Authority Approved Auditor	TEG & Associates

## 1.4. Use of Agents (Clause 15.34)

## **Code reference**

Clause 15.34

## **Code related audit information**

A reconciliation participant who uses an agent

- remains responsible for the contractor's fulfilment of the participant's Code obligations
- cannot assert that it is not responsible or liable for the obligation due to something the agent has or has not done

#### **Audit observation**

Electric Kiwi will not use any agents to fulfil their obligations covered by this material change audit. ELKI will issue SR to MEPs to provide manual reads for installations for which remote communication is not reliable. In the future, if the company decides to trade non-smart meter installations, WELLS will be asked to provide reads.

#### **Audit commentary**

Electric Kiwi will not use any agents. All functions will be performed by Electric Kiwi's staff. Meter readings for non-communicating meters will be provided from MEPs as one-offs.

#### 1.5. Hardware and Software

Electric Kiwi uses an IT platform, developed in-house, called "NEST", which is used to manage their day to day operations, reconciliation, and billing. This is a cloud-based system and is continuously backed up.

At the time of this audit, NHH reads were not fully integrated with NEST. The company developed a supporting spreadsheet called "Manual Estimation" to calculate Historical Estimates (HE) and Forward Estimates (FE). During the audit we examined processes governing data processing and transferring information between NEST and the spreadsheet.

## 1.6. Breaches or Breach Allegations

Electric Kiwi has not had any breach allegations recorded by the Electricity Authority relevant to the scope of this audit.

#### 1.7. ICP Data

No ICPs are currently reconciled as NHH. It is anticipated that 10 ICPs will initially be supplied. They are ICPs which can't be read remotely reliably.

Metering Category	(06/01/2021)	(2019)	(2018)	(2017)	(2016)
1	72,413	34,115	19,522	6,814	778

2	17	9	8	4	2
3	0	0	0	0	0
4	0	0	0	0	0
5	0	0	0	0	0
9	9	14	6	0	0

Status	Number of ICPs (06/01/2021)	Number of ICPs (2020)	Number of ICPs (2019)		
Active (2,0)	72,430	48,735	33,858	19,141	6,675

## 1.8. Authorisation Received

An authorization letter was not required.

## 1.9. Scope of Audit

Clause 16A.11 of Part 16 requires that, if a reconciliation participant intends to make a "material" change to any certified facilities, processes, or procedures, then the changes must be subject to an audit prior to the change taking place. This audit was therefore performed at the request of Electric Kiwi (ELKI) so that it can be supplied to the Electricity Authority to satisfy the requirements of clause 16A.11(1). The audit was conducted in accordance with the Guideline for Reconciliation Participant Audits V7.1.

The audit was carried out remotely during a number of sessions in October 2021.

The scope of the audit is limited to ELKI's trading NHH ICPs; no other tasks requiring certification are affected by the change.

The table below shows the specific functions affected by the implementation of the NHH ICPs trading.

Tasks Requiring Certification Under Clause 15.38(1) of Part 15	Relevant to audit	Agents Involved in Performance of Tasks
(a) - Maintaining registry information and performing customer and embedded generator switching	<b>&gt;</b>	
(b) – Gathering and storing raw meter data	<b>~</b>	
(c)(ii) - Creation and management of NHH volume information	<b>~</b>	
(d)(i) – Calculation and delivery of ICP days under clause 15.6	<b>~</b>	
(d)(ii) - delivery of electricity supplied information under clause 15.7	<b>~</b>	
(d)(iii) - delivery of information from retailer and direct purchaser half hourly metered ICPs under clause 15.8	<b>~</b>	
(e) – Provision of submission information for reconciliation	~	

## 1.10. Summary of previous audit

During the previous audit conducted in January 2021 Electric Kiwi was trading one ICP with attached shared unmetered load. One non-compliance was noted in relation to UML ICP.

Subject	Section	Clause	Non Compliance	Comment
Reconciliation participants to	12.9	2 of 15.3	Incorrect profile used for UML submissions in Nov'20 and Dec'20	It was cleared, the profile was corrected
prepare information				

## 2.1. Relevant information (Clause 10.6, 11.2, 15.2)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 10.6, 11.2, 15.2

#### **Code related audit information**

A participant must take all practicable steps to ensure that information that the participant is required to provide is:

- a) complete and accurate
- b) not misleading or deceptive
- c) not likely to mislead or deceive.

If the participant becomes aware that in providing information under this Part, the participant has not complied with that obligation, the participant must, as soon as practicable, provide such further information as is necessary to ensure that the participant does comply.

#### **Audit observation**

We considered whether the trading of NHH ICP was likely to result in incorrect or misleading information. We viewed process documentation and had discussions with ELKI's staff.

#### **Audit commentary**

ELKI's processes will help to ensure that data is complete and accurate. Currently ELKI runs daily and weekly monitoring reports, as follows:

- Exception reporting for various parts of the business e.g., metering management (Flight Path) which is monitored daily, weekly, or monthly
- LIS file checker which is run weekly based on the LIS file provided by the registry
- NEST pulls in the EDA file daily with an audit trail recorded
- Tech team monitors the live Logs for any exceptions which are reported daily and resolved via the Powerhouse prioritisation dashboard
- Billed volumes versus Supplied volumes are monitored monthly

All these processes will be used to monitor completeness and accuracy of information for NHH ICPs. Additional reports will be setup to monitor accuracy and read frequency for NHH meters.

#### **Audit outcome**

Compliant

#### 2.2. Provision of information (Clause 15.35)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 15.35

#### **Code related audit information**

If an obligation exists to provide information in accordance with Part 15, a participant must deliver that information to the required person within the timeframe specified in the Code, or, in the absence of any such timeframe, within any timeframe notified by the Authority. Such information must be delivered in the format determined from time to time by the Authority.

## **Audit observation**

We considered whether the implementation of NHH ICP trading was likely to result in the late provision of information. It was discussed with ELKI's staff.

## **Audit commentary**

We did not identify any issues which were likely to affect the timeliness of submissions. At present Electric Kiwi processes are robust, no late submission files were identified in the previous audits. File timeliness will be checked during the first audit after going-live.

#### **Audit outcome**

Compliant

## 2.3. Data transmission (Clause 20 Schedule 15.2)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 20 Schedule 15.2

#### **Code related audit information**

Transmissions and transfers of data related to metering information between reconciliation participants or their agents, for the purposes of the Code, must be carried out electronically using systems that ensure the security and integrity of the data transmitted and received.

#### **Audit observation**

Data transmission processes were discussed. Process documentation was reviewed.

#### **Audit commentary**

Currently, once metering data is downloaded from a MEPs server it is uploaded to NEST. Any transfer of data is fully automated. Currently Electric Kiwi trades HHR ICPs. MEPs provide both interval data and register reads, which are stored in NEST. The process for receiving register reads is already in place.

NHH reads for non-communicating meters are provided by MEPs as one off manual reads. Reads are sent by protected email, which are entered manually to NEST with appropriate flag.

When the company decides to trade more NHH installations, a full protocol to communicate with WELLS will be developed, to request and receive reads.

## **Audit outcome**

Compliant

## 2.4. Audit trails (Clause 21 Schedule 15.2)

## **Code reference**

Clause 21 Schedule 15.2

#### **Code related audit information**

Each reconciliation participant must ensure that a complete audit trail exists for all data gathering, validation, and processing functions of the reconciliation participant.

The audit trail must include details of information:

- provided to and received from the registry manager
- provided to and received from the reconciliation manager
- provided and received from other reconciliation participants and their agents.

The audit trail must cover all archived data in accordance with clause 18.

The logs of communications and processing activities must form part of the audit trail, including if automated processes are in operation.

Logs must be printed and filed as hard copy or maintained as data files in a secure form, along with other archived information.

The logs must include (at a minimum) the following:

- an activity identifier (clause 21(4)(a))
- the date and time of the activity (clause 21(4)(b))
- the operator identifier for the person who performed the activity (clause 21(4)(c)).

## **Audit observation**

Electric Kiwi sends and receives data to and from the registry. It is an automated process. Each upload is recorded by the software. Reconciliation files are uploaded via the RM portal, which records date, time and a participant's login details. Metering data provided by MEPs is automatically uploaded by NEST. Once the data is uploaded it is moved to an archive directory.

Currently Electric Kiwi trades HHR ICPs. MEPs provide both interval data and register reads, which are stored in NEST. The process for receiving register reads is already in place.

## **Audit commentary**

NEST has a built-in functionality to record a complete audit trail for all data gathering, validation, and processing data. Audit trails include the activity identifier, date and time, and an operator identifier.

Initially, MEPs will provide register reads for non-communicating meters, which will be read manually via email. All emails will be archived.

#### **Audit outcome**

Compliant

## 2.5. Retailer responsibility for electricity conveyed - participant obligations (Clause 10.4)

## **Code reference**

Clause 10.4

## **Code related audit information**

If a participant must obtain a consumer's consent, approval, or authorisation, the participant must ensure it:

- extends to the full term of the arrangement
- covers any participants who may need to rely on that consent.

#### **Audit observation**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

## **Audit commentary**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

#### **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

2.6. Retailer responsibility for electricity conveyed - access to metering installations (Clause 10.7(2),(4),(5) and (6))

## **Code reference**

Clause 10.7(2),(4),(5) and (6)

#### Code related audit information

The responsible reconciliation participant must, if requested, arrange access for the metering installation to the following parties:

- the Authority
- an ATH
- an auditor
- an MEP
- a gaining metering equipment provider.

The trader must use its best endeavours to provide access:

- in accordance with any agreements in place
- in a manner and timeframe which is appropriate in the circumstances.

If the trader has a consumer, the trader must obtain authorisation from the customer for access to the metering installation, otherwise it must arrange access to the metering installation.

The reconciliation participant must provide any necessary facilities, codes, keys or other means to enable the party to obtain access to the metering installation by the most practicable means.

#### **Audit observation**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

## **Audit commentary**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

#### **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

## 2.7. Physical location of metering installations (Clause 10.35(1)&(2))

#### **Code reference**

Clause 10.35(1)&(2)

#### **Code related audit information**

A reconciliation participant responsible for ensuring there is a category 1 metering installation or category 2 metering installation must ensure that the metering installation is located as physically close to a point of connection as practical in the circumstances.

A reconciliation participant responsible for ensuring there is a category 3 or higher metering installation must:

- a) if practical in the circumstances, ensure that the metering installation is located at a point of connection; or
- b) if it is not practical in the circumstances to locate the metering installation at the point of connection, calculate the quantity of electricity conveyed through the point of connection using a loss compensation process approved by the certifying ATH.

#### **Audit observation**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

## **Audit commentary**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

#### **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

## 2.8. Trader contracts to permit assignment by the Authority (Clause 11.15B)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 11.15B

#### Code related audit information

A trader must at all times ensure that the terms of each contract between a customer and a trader permit:

- the Authority to assign the rights and obligations of the trader under the contract to another trader if the trader commits an event of default under paragraph (a) or (b) or (f) or (h) of clause 14.41 (clause 11.15B(1)(a)); and
- the terms of the assigned contract to be amended on such an assignment to—
- the standard terms that the recipient trader would normally have offered to the customer immediately before the event of default occurred (clause 11.15B(1)(b)(i)); or
- such other terms that are more advantageous to the customer than the standard terms, as the recipient trader and the Authority agree (clause 11.15B(1)(b)(ii); and
- the terms of the assigned contract to be amended on such an assignment to include a minimum term in respect of which the customer must pay an amount for cancelling the contract before the expiry of the minimum term (clause 11.15B(1)(c)); and
- the trader to provide information about the customer to the Authority and for the Authority to provide the information to another trader if required under Schedule 11.5 (clause 11.15B(1)(d)); and
- the trader to assign the rights and obligations of the trader to another trader (clause 11.15B(1)(e)).

The terms specified in subclause (1) must be expressed to be for the benefit of the Authority for the purposes of the Contracts (Privacy) Act 1982, and not be able to be amended without the consent of the Authority (clause 11.15B(2)).

## **Audit observation**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

## **Audit commentary**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

#### **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

## 2.9. Connection of an ICP (Clause 10.32)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 10.32

#### **Code related audit information**

A reconciliation participant must only request the connection of a point of connection if they:

- accept responsibility for their obligations in Parts 10, 11 and 15 for the point of connection; and
- have an arrangement with an MEP to provide 1 or more metering installations for the point of connection.

This was discussed during the audit.

#### **Audit commentary**

Electric Kiwi does not accept new connections and they have no intention of conducting any in the future. Only established installations will be traded.

#### **Audit outcome**

#### Compliant

## 2.10. Temporary Electrical Connection of an ICP (Clause 10.33)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 10.33(1)

## **Code related audit information**

A trader may temporarily electrically connect a point of connection, or authorise a MEP to temporarily electrically connect a point of connection, only if:

- for a point of connection to the grid the grid owner has approved the connection
- for an NSP that is not a point of connection to the grid the relevant distributor has approved the connection.
- for a point of connection that is an ICP, but is not as NSP:
  - the trader is recorded in the registry as the trader responsible for the ICP or has an arrangement with the customer and initiates a switch within 2 business days of electrical connection
  - o if the ICP has metered load, 1 or more certified metering installations are in place
  - o if the ICP has not previously been electrically connected, the relevant distributor has given written approval of the temporary electrical connection.

#### **Audit observation**

This was discussed during the audit.

#### **Audit commentary**

Electric Kiwi does not accept new connections and they have no intention of conducting any in the future. Only established installations will be traded.

## **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

## 2.11. Electrical Connection of Point of Connection (Clause 10.33A)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 10.33A(1)

#### **Code related audit information**

A reconciliation participant may electrically connect or authorise the electrical connection of a point of connection only if:

- for a point of connection to the grid the grid owner has approved the connection
- for an NSP that is not a point of connection to the grid the relevant distributor has approved the connection.
- for a point of connection that is an ICP, but is not an NSP:
  - the trader is recorded in the registry as the trader responsible for the ICP or has an arrangement with the customer and initiates a switch within 2 business days of electrical connection
  - o if the ICP has metered load, 1 or more certified metering installations are in place
  - o if the ICP has not previously been electrically connected, the relevant distributor has given written approval of the electrical connection.

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

## **Audit commentary**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

#### **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

## 2.12. Arrangements for line function services (Clause 11.16)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 11.16

#### Code related audit information

Before providing the registry manager with any information in accordance with clause 11.7(2) or clause 11.18(4), a trader must ensure that it, or its customer, has made any necessary arrangements for the provision of line function services in relation to the relevant ICP

Before providing the registry manager with any information in accordance with clause 11.7(2) or clause 11.18(4), a trader must have entered into an arrangement with an MEP for each metering installation at the ICP.

#### **Audit observation**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICP trading.

#### **Audit commentary**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

#### **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

## 2.13. Arrangements for metering equipment provision (Clause 10.36)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 10.36

## **Code related audit information**

A reconciliation participant must ensure it has an arrangement with the relevant MEP prior to accepting responsibility for an installation.

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

#### **Audit commentary**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

#### **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

## 2.14. Connecting ICPs then withdrawing switch (Clause 10.33A(5))

#### **Code reference**

Clause 10.33B

#### Code related audit information

If a trader connects an ICP it is in the process of switching and the switch does not proceed or is withdrawn the trader must:

- restore the disconnection, including removing any bypass and disconnecting using the same method the losing trader used
- reimburse the losing trader for any direct costs incurred

## **Audit observation**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

#### **Audit commentary**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

#### **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

## 2.15. Electrical disconnection of ICPs (Clause 10.33B)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 10.33B

#### **Code related audit information**

Unless the trader is recorded in the registry or is meeting its obligation under 10.33A(5) it must not disconnect or electrically disconnect the ICP, or authorise the metering equipment provider to disconnect or electrically disconnect the ICP.

#### **Audit observation**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

## **Audit commentary**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

## **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

## 2.16. Removal or breakage of seals (Clause 48(1C), 48 (1D), 48 (1E), 48 (1F) of Schedule 10.7)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 48(1C), 48 (1D), 48 (1E), 48 (1F) of Schedule 10.7

#### Code related audit information

A trader can remove or break a seal without authorisation from the MEP to:

- reset a load control switch, bridge or unbridged a load control switch if the load control switch does not control a time block meter channel
- electrically connect load or generation, of the load or generation has been disconnected at the meter
- electrically disconnect load or generation, if the trader has exhausted all other appropriate methods of electrical disconnection
- bridge the meter

A trader that removes or breaks a seal in this way must:

- ensure personnel are qualified to remove the seal and perform the permitted work and they replace the seal in accordance with the Code
- replace the seal with its own seal
- have a process for tracing the new seal to the personnel
- update the registry (if the profile code has changed)
- notify the metering equipment provider

#### **Audit observation**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

## **Audit commentary**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

## **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

## 2.17. Meter bridging (Clause 10.33C and 2A of Schedule 15.2

## **Code reference**

Clause 10.33C and 2A of Schedule 15.2

## **Code related audit information**

A trader, or a distributor or MEP which has been authorised by the trader, may only electrically connect an ICP in a way that bypasses a meter that is in place ("bridging") if, despite best endeavours:

- the MEP is unable to remotely electrically connect the ICP
- the MEP cannot repair a fault with the meter due to safety concerns
- the consumer will likely be without electricity for a period which would cause significant disadvantage to the consumer

If the trader bridges a meter, the trader must:

- determine the quantity of electricity conveyed through the ICP for the period of time the meter was bridged
- submit that estimated quantity of electricity to the reconciliation manager
- within 1 business day of being advised that the meter is bridged, notify the MEP that they are required to reinstate the meter so that all electricity flows through a certified metering installation.

The trader must determine meter readings as follows:

- by substituting data from an installed check meter or data storage device
- if a check meter or data storage device is not installed, by using half hour data from another period where the trader considers the pattern of consumption is materially similar to the period during which the meter was bridged
- if half hour data is not available, a non half hour estimated reading that the trader considers is the best estimate during the bridging period must be used.

#### **Audit observation**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

#### **Audit commentary**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

#### **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

## 2.18. Use of ICP identifiers on invoices (Clause 11.30)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 11.30

#### Code related audit information

Each trader must ensure the relevant ICP identifier is printed on every invoice or document relating to the sale of electricity.

#### **Audit observation**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

## **Audit commentary**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

#### **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

## 2.19. Provision of information on dispute resolution scheme (Clause 11.30A)

## **Code reference**

Clause 11.30A

#### Code related audit information

A retailer must provide clear and prominent information about Utilities Disputes:

- on their website
- when responding to queries from consumers
- in directed outbound communications to consumers about electricity services and bills.

If there are a series of related communications between the retailer and consumer, the retailer needs to provide this information in at least one communication in that series.

#### **Audit observation**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

#### **Audit commentary**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

#### **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

## 2.20. Provision of information on electricity plan comparison site (Clause 11.30B)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 11.30B

#### Code related audit information

A retailer that trades at an ICP recorded on the registry must provide clear and prominent information about Powerswitch:

- on their website
- in outbound communications to residential consumers about price and service changes
- to residential consumers on an annual basis
- in directed outbound communications about the consumer's bill.

If there are a series of related communications between the retailer and consumer, the retailer needs to provide this information in at least one communication in that series.

#### **Audit observation**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

## **Audit commentary**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

#### **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

#### 3. Maintaining registry information

## 3.1. Obtaining ICP identifiers (Clause 11.3)

#### **Code reference**

#### Clause 11.3

#### Code related audit information

The following participants must, before assuming responsibility for certain points of connection on a local network or embedded network, obtain an ICP identifier for the point of connection:

- a) a trader who has agreed to purchase electricity from an embedded generator or sell electricity to a consumer
- b) an embedded generator who sells electricity directly to the clearing manager
- c) a direct purchaser connected to a local network or an embedded network
- d) an embedded network owner in relation to a point of connection on an embedded network that is settled by differencing
- e) a network owner in relation to a shared unmetered load point of connection to the network owner's network
- f) a network owner in relation to a point of connection between the network owner's network and an embedded network.

ICP identifiers must be obtained for points of connection at which any of the following occur:

- a consumer purchases electricity from a trader 11.3(3)(a)
- a trader purchases electricity from an embedded generator 11.3(3)(b)
- a direct purchaser purchases electricity from the clearing manager 11.3(3)(c)
- an embedded generator sells electricity directly to the clearing manager 11.3(3)(d)
- a network is settled by differencing 11.3(3)(e)
- there is a distributor status ICP on the parent network point of connection of an embedded network or at the point of connection of shared unmetered load. 11.3(3)(f)

## **Audit observation**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

## **Audit commentary**

Electric Kiwi does not accept new connections and they have no intention of conducting any in the future. Only established installations are traded.

#### **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

## 3.2. Providing registry information (Clause 11.7(2))

## **Code reference**

Clause 11.7(2)

#### **Code related audit information**

Each trader must provide information to the registry manager about each ICP at which it trades electricity in accordance with Schedule 11.1.

#### **Audit observation**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading. The current process will be used.

#### **Audit commentary**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

#### **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

## 3.3. Changes to registry information (Clause 10 Schedule 11.1)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 10 Schedule 11.1

#### Code related audit information

If information provided by a trader to the registry manager about an ICP changes, the trader must provide written notice to the registry manager of the change no later than 5 business days after the change.

#### **Audit observation**

The timeliness of registry updates relies on currently used processes, which will be checked during the first audit after going live with NHH ICP trading.

#### **Audit commentary**

The timeliness of registry updates relies on currently used processes, which will be checked during the first audit after going live with NHH ICP trading.

#### **Audit outcome**

Unable to determine

## 3.4. Trader responsibility for an ICP (Clause 11.18)

## **Code reference**

Clause 11.18

#### Code related audit information

A trader becomes responsible for an ICP when the trader is recorded in the registry as being responsible for the ICP.

A trader ceases to be responsible for an ICP if:

- another trader is recorded in the registry as accepting responsibility for the ICP (clause 11.18(2)(a)); or
- the ICP is decommissioned in accordance with clause 20 of Schedule 11.1 (clause 11.18(2)(b)).
- if an ICP is to be decommissioned, the trader who is responsible for the ICP must (clause 11.18(3)):
  - o arrange for a final interrogation to take place prior to or upon meter removal (clause 11.18(3)(a)); and
  - o advise the MEP responsible for the metering installation of the decommissioning (clause 11.18(3)(b)).

A trader who is responsible for an ICP (excluding UML) must ensure that an MEP is recorded in the registry for that ICP (clause 11.18(4)).

A trader must not trade at an ICP (excluding UML) unless an MEP is recorded in the registry for that ICP (clause 11.18(5)).

We checked the intended processes in relation to this clause.

#### **Audit commentary**

The current processes will be used for NHH ICPs. The processes were audited during the last audit and found compliant.

#### **Audit outcome**

Compliant

## 3.5. Provision of information to the registry manager (Clause 9 Schedule 11.1)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 9 Schedule 11.1

#### Code related audit information

Each trader must provide the following information to the registry manager for each ICP for which it is recorded in the registry as having responsibility:

- a) the participant identifier of the trader, as approved by the Authority (clause 9(1)(a))
- b) the profile code for each profile at that ICP, as approved by the Authority (clause 9(1)(b))
- c) the metering equipment provider for each category 1 metering or higher (clause 9(1)(c))
- d) the type of submission information the trader will provide to the RM for the ICP (clause 9(1)(ea)
- e) if a settlement type of UNM is assigned to that ICP, either:
  - the code ENG if the load is profiled through an engineering profile in accordance with profile class 2.1 (clause 9(1)(f)(i)); or
  - in all other cases, the daily average kWh of unmetered load at the ICP (clause 9(1)(f)(ii)).
  - the type and capacity of any unmetered load at each ICP (clause 9(1)(g))
  - the status of the ICP, as defined in clauses 12 to 20 (clause 9(1)(j))
  - except if the ICP exists for the purposes of reconciling an embedded network or the ICP has distributor status, the trader must provide the relevant business classification code applicable to the customer (clause 9(1)(k)).

The trader must provide information specified in (a) to (j) above within 5 business days of trading (clause 9(2)).

The trader must provide information specified in 9(1)(k) no later than 20 business days of trading (clause 9(3))

#### **Audit observation**

We checked the intended processes in relation to this clause.

#### **Audit commentary**

The current processes will be used to provide information for NHH ICPs. The only changes will be different profiles and a type of submission populated in the registry. It is a well established process.

#### **Audit outcome**

Compliant

#### 3.6. ANZSIC codes (Clause 9 (1(k) of Schedule 11.1)

#### **Code reference**

## Clause 9 (1(k) of Schedule 11.1

#### **Code related audit information**

Traders are responsible to populate the relevant ANZSIC code for all ICPs for which they are responsible.

#### **Audit observation**

This process will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

#### **Audit commentary**

This process will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

#### **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

## 3.7. Changes to unmetered load (Clause 9(1)(f) of Schedule 11.1)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 9(1)(f) of Schedule 11.1

## **Code related audit information**

if a settlement type of UNM is assigned to that ICP, the trader must populate:

the code ENG - if the load is profiled through an engineering profile in accordance with profile class 2.1 (clause 9(1)(f)(i)); or

the daily average kWh of unmetered load at the ICP - in all other cases (clause 9(1)(f)(ii)).

#### **Audit observation**

This was discussed during the audit.

## **Audit commentary**

The company policy is that applications to become a customer are not expected to be accepted if the ICP has unmetered load connected. In a situation when a distributor uploads UML information (backdated) to an ICP traded by ELKI, the company will use an existing process to submit NHHVOLS.

## **Audit outcome**

Compliant

## 3.8. Management of "active" status (Clause 17 Schedule 11.1)

## **Code reference**

Clause 17 Schedule 11.1

## **Code related audit information**

The ICP status of "active" is be managed by the relevant trader and indicates that:

- the associated electrical installations are electrically connected (clause 17(1)(a))
- the trader must provide information related to the ICP in accordance with Part 15, to the reconciliation manager for the purpose of compiling reconciliation information (clause 17(1)(b)).

Before an ICP is given the "active" status, the trader must ensure that:

- the ICP has only 1 customer, embedded generator, or direct purchaser (clause 17(2)(a))

- the electricity consumed is quantified by a metering installation or a method of calculation approved by the Authority (clause 17(2)(b)).

#### **Audit observation**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

#### **Audit commentary**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

#### **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

## 3.9. Management of "inactive" status (Clause 19 Schedule 11.1)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 19 Schedule 11.1

#### **Code related audit information**

The ICP status of "inactive" must be managed by the relevant trader and indicates that:

- electricity cannot flow at that ICP (clause 19(a)); or
- submission information related to the ICP is not required by the reconciliation manager for the purpose of compiling reconciliation information (clause 19(b)).

#### **Audit observation**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

#### **Audit commentary**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

## **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

#### 3.10. ICPs at new or ready status for 24 months (Clause 15 Schedule 11.1)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 15 Schedule 11.1

## **Code related audit information**

If an ICP has had the status of "New" or "Ready" for 24 calendar months or more, the distributor must ask the trader whether it should continue to have that status, and must decommission the ICP if the trader advises the ICP should not continue to have that status.

#### **Audit observation**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

#### **Audit commentary**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

## **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

#### 4. Performing customer and embedded generator switching

## 4.1. Inform registry of switch request for ICPs - standard switch (Clause 2 Schedule 11.3)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 2 Schedule 11.3

#### Code related audit information

The standard switch process applies where a trader and a customer or embedded generator enters into an arrangement in which the trader commences trading electricity with the customer or embedded generator at a non-half hour or unmetered ICP at which another trader supplies electricity, or the trader assumes responsibility for such an ICP.

If the uninvited direct sale agreement applies to an arrangement described above, the gaining trader must identify the period within which the customer or embedded generator may cancel the arrangement in accordance with section 36M of the Fair Trading Act 1986. The arrangement is deemed to come into effect on the day after the expiry of that period.

A gaining trader must advise the registry manager of a switch no later than 2 business days after the arrangement comes into effect and include in its advice to the registry manager that the switch type is TR and 1 or more profile codes associated with that ICP.

#### **Audit observation**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading as any switch is treated as a NHH switch regardless of how volumes are reconciled. The existing, well established, process will be used.

#### **Audit commentary**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

## **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

4.2. Losing trader response to switch request and event dates - standard switch (Clauses 3 and 4 Schedule 11.3)

#### **Code reference**

Clauses 3 and 4 Schedule 11.3

#### **Code related audit information**

Within 3 business days after receiving notice of a switch from the registry manager, the losing trader must establish a proposed event date. The event date must be no more than 10 business days after the date of receipt of such notification, and in any 12 month period, at least 50% of the event dates must be no more than 5 business days after the date of notification. The losing trader must then:

- provide acknowledgement of the switch request by (clause 3(a) of Schedule 11.3):
- providing the proposed event date to the registry manager and a valid switch response code (clause 3(a)(i) and (ii) of Schedule 11.3); or
- providing a request for withdrawal of the switch in accordance with clause 17 (clause 3(c) of Schedule 11.3).

When establishing an event date for clause 4, the losing trader may disregard every event date established by the losing trader for an ICP for which when the losing trader received notice from the registry manager under clause 22(a) the losing trader had been responsible for less than 2 months.

The process was discussed during the audit.

## **Audit commentary**

The company will use the existing process to respond to the registry manager notification. The only change will be that for installations metered with "vanilla meters" no "AD" response code will be used.

#### **Audit outcome**

Compliant

## 4.3. Losing trader must provide final information - standard switch (Clause 5 Schedule 11.3)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 5 Schedule 11.3

#### Code related audit information

If the losing trader provides information to the registry manager in accordance with clause 3(a) of Schedule 11.3 with the required information, no later than 5 business days after the event date, the losing trader must complete the switch by:

- providing event date to the registry manager (clause 5(a)); and
- provide to the gaining trader a switch event meter reading as at the event date, for each meter
  or data storage device that is recorded in the registry with accumulator of C and a settlement
  indicator of Y (clause 5(b)); and
- if a switch event meter reading is not a validated reading, provide the date of the last meter reading (clause 5(c)).

## **Audit observation**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading as any switch is treated as a NHH switch regardless of how volumes are reconciled. The existing, well established, process will be used.

## **Audit commentary**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

#### **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

## 4.4. Retailers must use same reading - standard switch (Clause 6(1) and 6A Schedule 11.3)

## **Code reference**

Clause 6(1) and 6A Schedule 11.3

## **Code related audit information**

The losing trader and the gaining trader must both use the same switch event meter reading as determined by the following procedure:

- if the switch event meter reading provided by the losing trader differs by less than 200 kWh from a value established by the gaining trader, the gaining trader must use the losing trader's validated meter reading or permanent estimate (clause 6(a)); or
- the gaining trader may dispute the switch meter reading if the validated meter reading or permanent estimate provided by the losing trader differs by 200 kWh or more. (clause 6(b)).

If the gaining trader disputes a switch meter reading because the switch event meter reading provided by the losing trader differs by 200 kWh or more, the gaining trader must, within 4 calendar months of the registry manager giving the gaining trader written notice of having received information about the switch completion, provide to the losing trader a changed switch event meter reading supported by 2 validated meter readings.

- the losing trader can choose not to accept the reading, however must advise the gaining trader no later than 5 business days after receiving the switch event meter reading from the gaining trader (clause 6A(a)); or
- if the losing trader notifies its acceptance or does not provide any response, the losing trader must use the switch event meter reading supplied by the gaining trader. (clause 6A(b)).

#### **Audit observation**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading as any switch is treated as a NHH switch regardless of how volumes are reconciled. The existing, well established, process will be used.

## **Audit commentary**

The current process will be used to make sure that the same switch event meter reading is used by both retailers. If an evaluation of the CS switch meter reading triggers sending a RR file to a losing trader and it is rejected, the switch meter reading will be used in the calculation of submission volumes.

## **Audit outcome**

Compliant

4.5. Non-half hour switch event meter reading - standard switch (Clause 6(2) and (3) Schedule 11.3)

## **Code reference**

Clause 6(2) and (3) Schedule 11.3

#### **Code related audit information**

If the losing trader trades electricity from a non-half hour meter, with a switch event meter reading that is not from an AMI certified meter flagged Y in the registry: and

- the gaining trader will trade electricity from a meter with a half hour submission type in the registry (clause 6(2)(b);
- the gaining trader within 5 business days after receiving final information from the registry manager, may provide the losing trader with a switch event meter reading from that meter. The losing trader must use that switch event meter reading.

#### **Audit observation**

Electric Kiwi's intention is to trade NHH ICPs therefore this clause will be not applicable.

#### **Audit commentary**

This clause is not applicable.

#### **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

#### 4.6. Disputes - standard switch (Clause 7 Schedule 11.3)

#### **Code reference**

#### Clause 7 Schedule 11.3

#### **Code related audit information**

A losing trader or gaining trader may give written notice to the other that it disputes a switch event meter reading provided under clauses 1 to 6. Such a dispute must be resolved in accordance with clause 15.29 (with all necessary amendments).

#### **Audit observation**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

#### **Audit commentary**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

#### Audit outcome

Not applicable

## 4.7. Gaining trader informs registry of switch request - switch move (Clause 9 Schedule 11.3)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 9 Schedule 11.3

#### **Code related audit information**

The switch move process applies where a gaining trader has an arrangement with a customer or embedded generator to trade electricity at an ICP using non half-hour metering or an unmetered ICP, or to assume responsibility for such an ICP, and no other trader has an agreement to trade electricity at that ICP, this is referred to as a switch move and the following provisions apply:

If the "uninvited direct sale agreement" applies, the gaining trader must identify the period within which the customer or embedded generator may cancel the arrangement in accordance with section 36M of the Fair Trading Act 1986. The arrangement is deemed to come into effect on the day after the expiry of that period.

In the event of a switch move, the gaining trader must advise the registry manager of a switch and the proposed event date no later than 2 business days after the arrangement comes into effect.

In its advice to the registry manager the gaining trader must include:

- a proposed event date (clause 9(2)(a)); and
- that the switch type is "MI" (clause 9(2)(b); and
- one or more profile codes of a profile at the ICP. (clause 9(2)(c))

## **Audit observation**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading as any switch is treated as a NHH switch regardless of how volumes are reconciled. The existing, well established, process will be used.

## **Audit commentary**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

#### **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

## 4.8. Losing trader provides information - switch move (Clause 10(1) Schedule 11.3)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 10(1) Schedule 11.3

#### Code related audit information

10(1) Within 5 business days after receiving notice of a switch move request from the registry manager—

- 10(1)(a) If the losing trader accepts the event date proposed by the gaining trader, the losing trader must complete the switch by providing to the registry manager:
  - o confirmation of the switch event date; and
  - o a valid switch response code; and
  - o final information as required under clause 11; or
- 10(1)(b) If the losing trader does not accept the event date proposed by the gaining trader, the losing trader must acknowledge the switch request to the registry manager and determine a different event date that
  - o is not earlier than the gaining trader's proposed event date, and
  - o is no later than 10 business days after the date the losing trader receives notice; or
- 10(1)(c) request that the switch be withdrawn in accordance with clause 17.

#### **Audit observation**

The process was discussed during the audit.

## **Audit commentary**

The company will use the existing process to respond to the registry manager notification. The only change will be that for installations metered by "vanilla meters" no "AD" response code will be used.

#### **Audit outcome**

Compliant

## 4.9. Losing trader determines a different date - switch move (Clause 10(2) Schedule 11.3)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 10(2) Schedule 11.3

## **Code related audit information**

If the losing trader determines a different date, then within 10 business days of receiving notice the losing trader must also complete the switch by providing to the registry manager as described in subclause (1)(a):

- the event date proposed by the losing trader; and
- a valid switch response code; and
- final information as required under clause 1.

#### **Audit observation**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICP trading as any switch is treated as a NHH switch regardless of how volumes are reconciled. The existing, well established, process will be used.

#### **Audit commentary**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

## **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

## 4.10. Losing trader must provide final information - switch move (Clause 11 Schedule 11.3)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 11 Schedule 11.3

#### **Code related audit information**

The losing trader must provide final information to the registry manager for the purposes of clause 10(1)(a)(ii), including—

- the event date (clause 11(a)); and
- a switch event meter reading as at the event date for each meter or data storage device that is recorded in the registry with an accumulator type of C and a settlement indicator of Y (clause 11(b)); and
- if the switch event meter reading is not a validated meter reading, the date of the last meter reading of the meter or storage device. (clause (11(c)).

#### **Audit observation**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading as any switch is treated as a NHH switch regardless of how volumes are reconciled. The existing, well established, process will be used.

#### **Audit commentary**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

#### **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

4.11. Gaining trader changes to switch meter reading - switch move (Clause 12 Schedule 11.3)

## **Code reference**

Clause 12 Schedule 11.3

#### Code related audit information

The gaining trader may use the switch event meter reading supplied by the losing trader or may, at its own cost, obtain its own switch event meter reading. If the gaining trader elects to use this new switch event meter reading, the gaining trader must advise the losing trader of the switch event meter reading and the actual event date to which it refers as follows:

- if the switch meter reading established by the gaining trader differs by less than 200 kWh from that provided by the losing trader, both traders must use the switch event meter reading provided by the gaining trader (clause 12(2)(a)); or
- if the switch event meter reading provided by the losing trader differs by 200 kWh or more from a value established by the gaining trader, the gaining trader may dispute the switch meter reading. In this case, the gaining trader, within 4 calendar months of the date the registry manager gives the gaining trader written notice of having received information about the switch completion, must provide to the losing trader a changed validated meter reading or a permanent estimate supported by 2 validated meter readings and the losing trader must either (clause 12(2)(b) and clause 12(3)):
- advise the gaining trader if it does not accept the switch event meter reading and the losing trader and the gaining trader must resolve the dispute in accordance with the disputes procedure in clause 15.29 (with all necessary amendments) (clause 12(3)(a)); or

- if the losing trader notifies its acceptance or does not provide any response, the losing trader must use the switch event meter reading supplied by the gaining trader. (clause 12(3)(b)).

12(2A) If the losing trader trades electricity from a non-half hour meter, with a switch event meter reading that is not from an AMI certified meter flagged Y in the registry,

- the gaining trader will trade electricity from a meter with a half hour submission type in the registry (clause 12(2A)(b));
- the gaining trader no later than 5 business days after receiving final information from the registry manager, may provide the losing trader with a switch event meter reading from that meter. The losing trader must use that switch event meter reading. (clause 12(2B)).

#### **Audit observation**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading as any switch is treated as a NHH switch regardless of how volumes are reconciled. The existing, well established, process will be used.

#### **Audit commentary**

The current process will be used to make sure that the same switch event meter reading is used by both retailers. If an evaluation of the CS switch meter reading triggers sending a RR file to a losing trader and it is rejected, the switch meter reading will be used in the calculation of submission volumes.

#### **Audit outcome**

Compliant

4.12. Gaining trader informs registry of switch request - gaining trader switch (Clause 14 Schedule 11.3)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 14 Schedule 11.3

#### **Code related audit information**

The gaining trader switch process applies when a trader has an arrangement with a customer or embedded generator to trade electricity at an ICP at which the losing trader trades electricity with the customer or embedded generator, and one of the following applies at the ICP:

- the gaining trader will trade electricity through a half hour metering installation that is a category 3 or higher metering installation; or
- the gaining trader will trade electricity through a non-AMI half hour metering installation and the losing trader trades electricity through a non-AMI non half hour metering installation; or
- the gaining trader will trade electricity through a non-AMI non half hour metering installation and the losing trader trades electricity through a non-AMI half hour metering installation

If the uninvited direct sale agreement applies to an arrangement described above, the gaining trader must identify the period within which the customer or embedded generator may cancel the arrangement in accordance with section 36M of the Fair Trading Act 1986. The arrangement is deemed to come into effect on the day after the expiry of that period.

A gaining trader must advise the registry manager of the switch and expected event date no later than 3 business days after the arrangement comes into effect.

14(2) The gaining trader must include in its advice to the registry manager:

- a) a proposed event date; and
- b) that the switch type is HH.

14(3) The proposed event date must be a date that is after the date on which the gaining trader advises the registry manager, unless clause 14(4) applies.

14(4) The proposed event date is a date before the date on which the gaining trader advised the registry manager, if:

14(4)(a) – the proposed event date is in the same month as the date on which the gaining trader advised the registry manager; or

14(4)(b) – the proposed event date is no more than 90 days before the date on which the gaining trader advises the registry manager and this date is agreed between the losing and gaining traders.

#### **Audit observation**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading because this type of switching is used when the gaining trader will trade electricity through a half hour metering installation that is a category 3 or higher metering installation.

## **Audit commentary**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

#### **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

4.13. Losing trader provision of information - gaining trader switch (Clause 15 Schedule 11.3)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 15 Schedule 11.3

## **Code related audit information**

Within 3 business days after the losing trader is informed about the switch by the registry manager, the losing trader must:

15(a) - provide to the registry manager a valid switch response code as approved by the Authority; or

15(b) - provide a request for withdrawal of the switch in accordance with clause 17.

#### **Audit observation**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

## **Audit commentary**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

#### **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

4.14. Gaining trader to advise the registry manager - gaining trader switch (Clause 16 Schedule 11.3)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 16 Schedule 11.3

#### **Code related audit information**

The gaining trader must complete the switch no later than 3 business days, after receiving the valid switch response code, by advising the registry manager of the event date.

If the ICP is being electrically disconnected, or if metering equipment is being removed, the gaining trader must either-

16(a)- give the losing trader or MEP for the ICP an opportunity to interrogate the metering installation immediately before the ICP is electrically disconnected or the metering equipment is removed; or

16(b)- carry out an interrogation and, no later than 5 business days after the metering installation is electrically disconnected or removed, advise the losing trader of the results and metering component numbers for each data channel in the metering installation.

#### **Audit observation**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

#### **Audit commentary**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

#### **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

## 4.15. Withdrawal of switch requests (Clauses 17 and 18 Schedule 11.3)

## **Code reference**

Clauses 17 and 18 Schedule 11.3

#### **Code related audit information**

A losing trader or gaining trader may request that a switch request be withdrawn at any time until the expiry of 2 calendar months after the event date of the switch.

If a trader requests the withdrawal of a switch, the following provisions apply:

- for each ICP, the trader withdrawing the switch request must provide the registry manager with (clause 18(c)):
  - o the participant identifier of the trader making the withdrawal request (clause 18(c)(i)); and
  - o the withdrawal advisory code published by the Authority. (clause 18(c)(ii))
- within 5 business days after receiving notice from the registry manager of a switch, the trader receiving the withdrawal must advise the registry manager that the switch withdrawal request is accepted or rejected. A switch withdrawal request must not become effective until accepted by the trader who received the withdrawal. (clause 18(d))
- on receipt of a rejection notice from the registry manager, in accordance with clause 18(d), a trader may re-submit the switch withdrawal request for an ICP in accordance with clause 18(c).
   All switch withdrawal requests must be resolved within 10 business days after the date of the initial switch withdrawal request. (clause 18(e))
- if the trader requests that a switch request be withdrawn, and the resolution of that switch withdrawal request results in the switch proceeding, within 2 business days after receiving notice from the registry manager in accordance with clause 22(b), the losing trader must comply with clauses 3,5,10 and 11 (whichever is appropriate) and the gaining trader must comply with clause 16. (clause 18(f))

## **Audit observation**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading. The existing, well established, process will be used.

## **Audit commentary**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

#### **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

## 4.16. Metering information (Clause 21 Schedule 11.3)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 21 Schedule 11.3

#### **Code related audit information**

For an interrogation or validated meter reading or permanent estimate carried out in accordance with Schedule 11.3:

21(a)- the trader who carries out the interrogation, switch event meter reading must ensure that the interrogation is as accurate as possible, or that the switch event meter reading is fair and reasonable.

21(b) and (c) - the cost of every interrogation or switch event meter reading carried out in accordance with clauses 5(b) or 11(b) or (c) must be met by the losing trader. The costs in every other case must be met by the gaining trader.

#### **Audit observation**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

## **Audit commentary**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

#### **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

## 4.17. Switch protection (Clause 11.15AA to 11.15AB)

## **Code reference**

Clause 11.15AA to 11.15AC

## **Code related audit information**

A losing retailer (including any party acting on behalf of the retailer) must not initiate contact to save or win back any customer who is switching away or has switched away for 180 days from the date of the switch.

The losing retailer may contact the customer for certain administrative reasons and may make a counteroffer only if the customer initiated contacted with the losing retailer and invited the losing retailer to make a counteroffer.

The losing retailer must not use the customer contact details to enable any other retailer (other than the gaining retailer) to contact the customer.

#### **Audit observation**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

## **Audit commentary**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

## **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

#### 5. MAINTENANCE OF UNMETERED LOAD

## 5.1. Maintaining shared unmetered load (Clause 11.14)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 11.14

#### Code related audit information

The trader must adhere to the process for maintaining shared unmetered load as outlined in clause 11.14:

- 11.14(2) The distributor must give written notice to the traders responsible for the ICPs across which the unmetered load is shared, of the ICP identifiers of the ICPs.
- 11.14(3) A trader who receives such a notification from a distributor must give written notice to the distributor if it wishes to add or omit any ICP from the ICPs across which unmetered load is to be shared.
- 11.14(4) A distributor who receives such a notification of changes from the trader under (3) must give written notice to the registry manager and each trader responsible for any of the ICPs across which the unmetered load is shared.
- 11.14(5) If a distributor becomes aware of any change to the capacity of a shared unmetered load ICP or if a shared unmetered load ICP is decommissioned, it must give written notice to all traders affected by that change as soon as practicable after that change or decommissioning.
- 11.14(6) Each trader who receives such a notification must, as soon as practicable after receiving the notification, adjust the unmetered load information for each ICP in the list for which it is responsible to ensure that the entire shared unmetered load is shared equally across each ICP.
- 11.14(7) A trader must take responsibility for shared unmetered load assigned to an ICP for which the trader becomes responsible as a result of a switch in accordance with Part 11.
- 11.14(8) A trader must not relinquish responsibility for shared unmetered load assigned to an ICP if there would then be no ICPs left across which that load could be shared.
- 11.14(9) A trader can change the status of an ICP across which the unmetered load is shared to inactive status, as referred to in clause 19 of Schedule 11.1. In that case, the trader is not required to give written notice to the distributor of the change. The amount of electricity attributable to that ICP becomes UFE.

#### **Audit observation**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

#### **Audit commentary**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

## **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

## 5.2. Unmetered threshold (Clause 10.14 (2)(b))

#### **Code reference**

Clause 10.14 (2)(b)

**Code related audit information** 

The reconciliation participant must ensure that unmetered load does not exceed 3,000 kWh per annum, or 6,000 kWh per annum if the load is predictable and of a type approved and published by the Authority.

## **Audit observation**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

## **Audit commentary**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

#### **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

# 5.3. Unmetered threshold exceeded (Clause 10.14 (5))

# **Code reference**

Clause 10.14 (5)

#### Code related audit information

If the unmetered load limit is exceeded the retailer must:

- within 20 business days, commence corrective measure to ensure it complies with Part 10
- within 20 business days of commencing the corrective measure, complete the corrective measures
- no later than 10 business days after it becomes aware of the limit having been exceeded, advise each participant who is or would be expected to be affected of:
  - o the date the limit was calculated or estimated to have been exceeded
  - the details of the corrective measures that the retailer proposes to take or is taking to reduce the unmetered load.

# **Audit observation**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

# **Audit commentary**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

## **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

# 5.4. Distributed unmetered load (Clause 11 Schedule 15.3, Clause 15.37B)

# **Code reference**

Clause 11 Schedule 15.3, Clause 15.37B

## **Code related audit information**

An up-to-date database must be maintained for each type of distributed unmetered load for which the retailer is responsible. The information in the database must be maintained in a manner that the resulting submission information meets the accuracy requirements of clause 15.2.

A separate audit is required for distributed unmetered load data bases.

The database must satisfy the requirements of Schedule 15.5 with regard to the methodology for deriving submission information.

# **Audit observation**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

# **Audit commentary**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

# **Audit outcome**

#### 6. GATHERING RAW METER DATA

# 6.1. Electricity conveyed & notification by embedded generators (Clause 10.13, Clause 10.24 and 15.13)

# **Code reference**

Clause 10.13, Clause 10.24 and Clause 15.13

## Code related audit information

A participant must use the quantity of electricity measured by a metering installation as the raw meter data for the quantity of electricity conveyed through the point of connection.

This does not apply if data is estimated or gifted in the case of embedded generation under clause 15.13.

A trader must, for each electrically connected ICP that is not also an NSP, and for which it is recorded in the registry as being responsible, ensure that:

- there is 1 or more metering installations
- all electricity conveyed is quantified in accordance with the Code
- it does not use subtraction to determine submission information for the purposes of Part 15.

An embedded generator must give notification to the reconciliation manager for an embedded generating station, if the intention is that the embedded generator will not be receiving payment from the clearing manager or any other person through the point of connection to which the notification relates.

### **Audit observation**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

# **Audit commentary**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

### **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

# 6.2. Responsibility for metering at GIP(Clause 10.26 (6), (7) and (8))

# **Code reference**

Clause 10.26 (6), (7) and (8)

## Code related audit information

For each proposed metering installation or change to a metering installation that is a connection to the grid, the participant, must:

- provide to the grid owner a copy of the metering installation design (before ordering the equipment)
- provide at least 3 months for the grid owner to review and comment on the design
- respond within 3 business days of receipt to any request from the grid owner for additional details or changes to the design
- ensure any reasonable changes from the grid owner are carried out.

The participant responsible for the metering installation must:

- advise the reconciliation manager of the certification expiry date not later than 10 business days after certification of the metering installation
- become the MEP or contract with a person to be the MEP

- advise the reconciliation manager of the MEP identifier no later than 20 days after entering into a contract or assuming responsibility to be the MEP.

#### **Audit observation**

Electric Kiwi is not responsible for any connections to the grid.

# **Audit commentary**

This clause is not applicable. Compliance was not assessed.

#### **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

# 6.3. Certification of control devices (Clause 33 Schedule 10.7 and clause 2(2) Schedule 15.3)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 33 Schedule 10.7 and clause 2(2) Schedule 15.3

## **Code related audit information**

The reconciliation participant must advise the metering equipment provider if a control device is used to control load or switch meter registers.

The reconciliation participant must ensure the control device is certified prior to using it for reconciliation purposes.

#### **Audit observation**

It was discussed during the audit.

#### **Audit commentary**

Electric Kiwi does not use any engineered profiles. The only profile recorded in the registry will be RPS and HHR. Control devices are not used for reconciliation purposes.

## **Audit outcome**

Compliant

# 6.4. Reporting of defective metering installations (Clause 10.43(2) and (3))

# **Code reference**

Clause 10.43(2) and (3)

#### Code related audit information

If a participant becomes aware of an event or circumstance that lead it to believe a metering installation could be inaccurate, defective, or not fit for purpose they must:

- advise the MEP
- include in the advice all relevant details.

# **Audit observation**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading. The existing, robust process will be used.

# **Audit commentary**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

#### **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

# 6.5. Collection of information by certified reconciliation participant (Clause 2 Schedule 15.2)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 2 Schedule 15.2

### **Code related audit information**

Only a certified reconciliation participant may collect raw meter data, unless only the MEP can interrogate the meter, or the MEP has an arrangement which prevents the reconciliation participant from electronically interrogating the meter:

- 2(2) The reconciliation participant must collect raw meter data used to determine volume information from the services interface or the metering installation or from the MEP.
- 2(3) The reconciliation participant must ensure the interrogation cycle is such that is does not exceed the maximum interrogation cycle in the registry .
- 2(4) The reconciliation participant must interrogate the meter at least once every maximum interrogation cycle.
- 2(5) When electronically interrogating the meter the participant must:
  - a) ensure the system is to within +/- 5 seconds of NZST or NZDST
  - b) compare the meter time to the system time
  - c) determine the time error of the metering installation
  - d) if the error is less than the maximum permitted error, correct the meter's clock
  - e) if the time error is greater than the maximum permitted error then:
    - i) correct the metering installation's clock
    - ii) compare the metering installation's time with the system time
    - iii) correct any affected raw meter data.
  - f) download the event log.
- 2(6) The interrogation systems must record:
  - the time
  - the date
  - the extent of any change made to the meter clock.

#### **Audit observation**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading. Reading for non-communicating meters will be provided by MEPs after receiving a SR from ELKI to arrange a manual read.

#### **Audit commentary**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

# **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

# 6.6. Derivation of meter readings (Clause 3(1), 3(2) and 5 Schedule 15.2)

## **Code reference**

Clause 3(1), 3(2) and 5 Schedule 15.2

## **Code related audit information**

All meter readings must in accordance with the participants certified processes and procedures and using its certified facilities be sourced directly from raw meter data and, if appropriate, be derived and calculated from financial records.

All validated meter readings must be derived from meter readings.

A meter reading provided by a consumer may be used as a validated meter reading only if another set of validated meter readings not provided by the consumer are used during the validation process.

During the manual interrogation of each NHH metering installation the reconciliation participant must:

- a) obtain the meter register
- b) ensure seals are present and intact
- c) check for phase failure (if supported by the meter)
- d) check for signs of tampering and damage
- e) check for electrically unsafe situations.

If the relevant parts of the metering installation are visible and it is safe to do so.

#### **Audit observation**

This was discussed with ELKI's staff during the audit.

# **Audit commentary**

When a meter stops communicating, ELKI will ask for a MEP to arrange a manual read.

ELKI will be also accepting a customers' read as part of the standard process. Customer reads will not be used to validate customer reads.

Electric Kiwi will not be reading meters themselves.

## **Audit outcome**

Compliant

# 6.7. NHH meter reading application (Clause 6 Schedule 15.2)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 6 Schedule 15.2

## **Code related audit information**

For NHH switch event meter reads, for the gaining trader the reading applies from 0000 hours on the day of the relevant event date and for the losing trader at 2400 hours at the end of the day before the relevant event date.

In all other cases, All NHH readings apply from 0000hrs on the day after the last meter interrogation up to and including 2400hrs on the day of the meter interrogation.

#### **Audit observation**

The process for the application of meter readings was examined.

## **Audit commentary**

The application of reads was reviewed as part of the historic estimate checks and found to be compliant.

# **Audit outcome**

Compliant

# 6.8. Interrogate meters once (Clause 7(1) and (2) Schedule 15.2)

## **Code reference**

Clause 7(1) and (2) Schedule 15.2

#### Code related audit information

Each reconciliation participant must ensure that a validated meter reading is obtained in respect of every meter register for every non half hour metered ICP for which the participant is responsible, at least once during the period of supply to the ICP by the reconciliation participant, and used to create volume information.

This may be a validated meter reading at the time the ICP is switched to, or from, the reconciliation participant.

If exceptional circumstances prevent a reconciliation participant from obtaining the validated meter reading, the reconciliation participant is not required to comply with clause 7(1).

#### **Audit observation**

This was discussed with ELKI's staff during the audit. We reviewed the read attainment process.

# **Audit commentary**

The read validations process described will identify any NHH ICP which has not received an actual read for more than 2 months. Where an ICP fails this validation, a work order will be raised with the MEP for a manual read, and estimated reads will be applied until a read is provided.

Compliance will be checked during the first audit after going live with NHH ICPs trading.

#### Audit outcome

Compliant

# 6.9. NHH meters interrogated annually (Clause 8(1) and (2) Schedule 15.2)

## **Code reference**

Clause 8(1) and (2) Schedule 15.2

## Code related audit information

At least once every 12 months, each reconciliation participant must obtain a validated meter reading for every meter register for non-half hour metered ICPs, at which the reconciliation participant trades continuously for each 12 month period.

If exceptional circumstances prevent a reconciliation participant from obtaining the validated meter reading, the reconciliation participant is not required to comply with clause 8(1).

## **Audit observation**

This was discussed with ELKI's staff during the audit. We reviewed the read attainment process.

## **Audit commentary**

The read validations process described will identify any NHH ICP which has not received an actual read for more than 2 months. Where an ICP fails this validation, a work order will be raised with the MEP for a manual read, and estimated reads will be applied until a read is provided.

Meter reading frequency reporting to the Authority will be generated on the 13th business day of each month, and submitted to the Market Operation.

Compliance will be checked during the first audit after going live with NHH ICP trading.

#### **Audit outcome**

## Compliant

# 6.10. NHH meters 90% read rate (Clause 9(1) and (2) Schedule 15.2)

## **Code reference**

Clause 9(1) and (2) Schedule 15.2

# **Code related audit information**

In relation to each NSP, each reconciliation participant must ensure that for each NHH ICP at which the reconciliation participant trades continuously for each 4 months, for which consumption information is required to be reported into the reconciliation process. A validated meter reading is obtained at least once every 4 months for 90% of the non half hour metered ICPs.

A report is to be sent to the Authority providing the percentage, in relation to each NSP, for which consumption information has been collected no later than 20 business days after the end of each month.

If exceptional circumstances prevent a reconciliation participant from obtaining the validated meter reading, the reconciliation participant is not required to comply with clause 9(1).

#### **Audit observation**

It was discussed with ELKI's staff during the audit. We reviewed the read attainment process.

#### **Audit commentary**

The read validations process described will identify any NHH ICP which has not received an actual read for more than 2 months. Where an ICP fails this validation, a work order will be raised with the MEP for a manual read, and estimated reads will be applied until a read is provided.

Meter reading frequency reporting to the Authority will be generated on the 13<sup>th</sup> business day of each month, and submitted to the Market Operation.

Compliance will be checked during the first audit after going live with NHH ICPs trading.

## **Audit outcome**

Compliant

# 6.11. NHH meter interrogation log (Clause 10 Schedule 15.2)

# Code reference

Clause 10 Schedule 15.2

## **Code related audit information**

The following information must be logged as the result of each interrogation of the NHH metering:

10(a) - the means to establish the identity of the individual meter reader

10(b) - the ICP identifier of the ICP, and the meter and register identification

10(c) - the method being used for the interrogation and the device ID of equipment being used for interrogation of the meter.

10(d) - the date and time of the meter interrogation.

#### **Audit observation**

This was discussed with ELKI's staff during the audit

# **Audit commentary**

NHH data will be provided by the MEP and will be compliant with this clause.

#### **Audit outcome**

Compliant

# 6.12. HHR data collection (Clause 11(1) Schedule 15.2)

## **Code reference**

Clause 11(1) Schedule 15.2

## Code related audit information

Raw meter data from all electronically interrogated metering installations must be obtained via the services access interface.

This may be carried out by a portable device or remotely.

## **Audit observation**

This process will not change as a result of the implementation of trading NHH ICPs.

# **Audit commentary**

This process will not change as a result of the implementation of trading NHH ICPs.

## **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

# 6.13. HHR interrogation data requirement (Clause 11(2) Schedule 15.2)

## **Code reference**

Clause 11(2) Schedule 15.2

#### **Code related audit information**

The following information is collected during each interrogation:

11(2)(a) - the unique identifier of the data storage device

11(2)(b) - the time from the data storage device at the commencement of the download unless the time is within specification and the interrogation log automatically records the time of interrogation

11(2)(c) - the metering information, which represents the quantity of electricity conveyed at the point of connection, including the date and time stamp or index marker for each half hour period. This may be limited to the metering information accumulated since the last interrogation

11(2)(d) - the event log, which may be limited to the events information accumulated since the last interrogation

11(2)(e) - an interrogation log generated by the interrogation software to record details of all interrogations.

The interrogation log must be examined by the reconciliation participant responsible for collecting the data and appropriate action must be taken if problems are apparent or an automated software function flags exceptions.

## **Audit observation**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

## **Audit commentary**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

## **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

# 6.14. HHR interrogation log requirements (Clause 11(3) Schedule 15.2)

# **Code reference**

Clause 11(3) Schedule 15.2

## Code related audit information

The interrogation log forms part of the interrogation audit trail and, as a minimum, must contain the following information:

11(3)(a)- the date of interrogation

11(3)(b)- the time of commencement of interrogation

11(3)(c)- the operator identification (if available)

11(3)(d)- the unique identifier of the meter or data storage device

11(3)(e)- the clock errors outside the range specified in Table 1 of clause 2

11(3)(f)- the method of interrogation

11(3)(g)- the identifier of the reading device used for interrogation (if applicable).

# **Audit observation**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

# **Audit commentary**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

## **Audit outcome**

# 7. STORING RAW METER DATA

# 7.1. Trading period duration (Clause 13 Schedule 15.2)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 13 Schedule 15.2

# **Code related audit information**

The trading period duration, normally 30 minutes, must be within ±0.1% (±2 seconds).

## **Audit observation**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

## **Audit commentary**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

#### **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

# 7.2. Archiving and storage of raw meter data (Clause 18 Schedule 15.2)

## **Code reference**

Clause 18 Schedule 15.2

#### Code related audit information

A reconciliation participant who is responsible for interrogating a metering installation must archive all raw meter data and any changes to the raw meter data for at least 48 months, in accordance with clause 8(6) of Schedule 10.6.

Procedures must be in place to ensure that raw meter data cannot be accessed by unauthorised personnel.

Meter readings cannot be modified without an audit trail being created.

#### **Audit observation**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

## **Audit commentary**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

# **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

# 7.3. Non metering information collected / archived (Clause 21(5) Schedule 15.2)

## **Code reference**

Clause 21(5) Schedule 15.2

# **Code related audit information**

All relevant non-metering information, such as external control equipment operation logs, used in the determination of profile data must be collected, and archived in accordance with clause 18.

# **Audit observation**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

# **Audit commentary**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

# **Audit outcome**

8. CREATING AND MANAGING (INCLUDING VALIDATING, ESTIMATING, STORING, CORRECTING AND ARCHIVING) VOLUME INFORMATION

# 8.1. Correction of NHH meter readings (Clause 19(1) Schedule 15.2)

# **Code reference**

Clause 19(1) Schedule 15.2

## Code related audit information

If a reconciliation participant detects errors while validating non-half hour meter readings, the reconciliation participant must:

19(1)(a) - confirm the original meter reading by carrying out another meter reading

19(1)(b) – replace the original meter reading the second meter reading (even if the second meter reading is at a different date)

19(1A) if a reconciliation participant detects errors while validating non half hour meter readings, but the reconciliation participant cannot confirm the original meter reading or replace it with a meter reading from another interrogation, the reconciliation participant must:

- substitute the original meter reading with an estimated reading that is marked as an estimate;
   and
- subsequently replace the estimated reading in accordance with clause 4(2)

## **Audit observation**

We conducted a walkthrough of the process to determine compliance and had discussions with ELKI's staff.

# **Audit commentary**

Electric Kiwi will issue MEPs with SR requesting a manual read. In the future, when the company decides to trade more NHH ICPs, an agreement will be signed with WELLS.

Where errors are detected during the validation process, ELKI may request a check meter reading for meters read by MEPs. If an original meter reading cannot be confirmed it is marked as "misread" then an estimated reading is used, which is appropriately labelled.

# **Audit outcome**

Compliant

# 8.2. Correction of HHR metering information (Clause 19(2) Schedule 15.2)

# **Code reference**

Clause 19(2) Schedule 15.2

## **Code related audit information**

If a reconciliation participant detects errors while validating half hour meter readings, the reconciliation participant must correct the meter readings as follows:

19(2)(a) - if the relevant metering installation has a check meter or data storage device, substitute the original meter reading with data from the check meter or data storage device; or

19(2)(b) - if the relevant metering installation does not have a check meter or data storage device, substitute the original meter reading with data from another period provided:

- (i) The total of all substituted intervals matches the total consumption recorded on a meter, if available; and
- (ii) The reconciliation participant considers the pattern of consumption to be materially similar to the period in error

# **Audit observation**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

## **Audit commentary**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

#### **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

# 8.3. Error and loss compensation arrangements (Clause 19(3) Schedule 15.2)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 19(3) Schedule 15.2

## **Code related audit information**

A reconciliation participant may use error compensation and loss compensation as part of the process of determining accurate data. Whichever methodology is used, the reconciliation participant must document the compensation process and comply with audit trail requirements set out in the Code.

#### **Audit observation**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

# **Audit commentary**

There will be no changes in this area. No error or loss compensation arrangements are expected for NHH ICPs supplied by ELKI.

## **Audit outcome**

Compliant

# 8.4. Correction of HHR and NHH raw meter data (Clause 19(4) and (5) Schedule 15.2)

# **Code reference**

Clause 19(4) and (5) Schedule 15.2

# **Code related audit information**

In correcting a meter reading in accordance with clause 19, the raw meter data must not be overwritten. If the raw meter data and the meter readings are the same, an automatic secure backup of the affected data must be made and archived by the processing or data correction application.

If data is corrected or altered, a journal must be generated and archived with the raw meter data file. The journal must contain the following:

19(5)(a)- the date of the correction or alteration

19(5)(b)- the time of the correction or alteration

19(5)(c)- the operator identifier for the person within the reconciliation participant who made the correction or alteration

19(5)(d)- the half-hour metering data or the non-half hour metering data corrected or altered, and the total difference in volume of such corrected or altered data

19(5)(e)- the technique used to arrive at the corrected data

19(5)(f)- the reason for the correction or alteration.

## **Audit observation**

This was discussed during this audit. ELKI will use the same process which is used for HHR ICPs. It is a robust process, audited previously and found compliant. An exception report within "Flightpath" will identify ICPs with metering data which require closer analysis. If any correction or adjustment is required a journal will be created. It is the same journal which is created when metering data is estimated.

# **Audit commentary**

Raw meter data retention for MEPs will be reviewed as part of their own audits. Electric Kiwi will only correct working data, and they will keep an appropriate audit trail.

Electric Kiwi demonstrated in the NEST test system how corrected data is recorded. We only checked a few ICPs because a high number of NHH ICPs was not available. We confirm the requirements of this clause are met. Electric Kiwi uses the same principals to meet compliance which is used for HHR ICPs.

## **Audit outcome**

Compliant

## 9. ESTIMATING AND VALIDATING VOLUME INFORMATION

# 9.1. Identification of readings (Clause 3(3) Schedule 15.2)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 3(3) Schedule 15.2

## **Code related audit information**

All estimated readings and permanent estimates must be clearly identified as an estimate at source and in any exchange of metering data or volume information between participants.

#### **Audit observation**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading Electric Kiwi created additional flags for manual reads provided by MEPs or customers.

# **Audit commentary**

Data will be stored in NEST and labelled appropriately. We reviewed the NEST test system and confirmed that readings were labelled correctly.

# **Audit outcome**

Compliant

# 9.2. Derivation of volume information (Clause 3(4) Schedule 15.2)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 3(4) Schedule 15.2

# **Code related audit information**

Volume information must be directly derived, in accordance with Schedule 15.2, from:

3(4)(a) - validated meter readings

3(4)(b) - estimated readings

3(4)(c) - permanent estimates.

## **Audit observation**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

# **Audit commentary**

The principles used for HHR derivation of volume information will be adopted for NHH ICPs.

# **Audit outcome**

Compliant

# 9.3. Meter data used to derive volume information (Clause 3(5) Schedule 15.2)

## **Code reference**

Clause 3(5) Schedule 15.2

# **Code related audit information**

All meter data that is used to derive volume information must not be rounded or truncated from the stored data from the metering installation.

## **Audit observation**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

## **Audit commentary**

This area will not change as a result of the implementation of NHH ICPs trading.

#### **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

# 9.4. Half hour estimates (Clause 15 Schedule 15.2)

## **Code reference**

Clause 15 Schedule 15.2

## **Code related audit information**

If a reconciliation participant is unable to interrogate an electronically interrogated metering installation before the deadline for providing submission information, the submission to the reconciliation manager must be the reconciliation participant's best estimate of the quantity of electricity that was purchased or sold in each trading period during any applicable consumption period for that metering installation.

The reconciliation participant must use reasonable endeavours to ensure that estimated submission information is within the percentage specified by the Authority.

#### **Audit observation**

This process will not change as a result of the implementation of trading NHH ICPs.

# **Audit commentary**

This process will not change as a result of the implementation of trading NHH ICPs.

## **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

## 9.5. NHH metering information data validation (Clause 16 Schedule 15.2)

## **Code reference**

Clause 16 Schedule 15.2

#### **Code related audit information**

Each validity check of non-half hour meter readings and estimated readings must include the following:

16(2)(a) - confirmation that the meter reading or estimated reading relates to the correct ICP, meter, and register

16(2)(b) - checks for invalid dates and times

16(2)(c) - confirmation that the meter reading or estimated reading lies within an acceptable range compared with the expected pattern, previous pattern, or trend

16(2)(d) - confirmation that there is no obvious corruption of the data, including unexpected 0 values.

# **Audit observation**

We reviewed the NHH data validation process. Electric Kiwi already receives register reads for HHR ICPs which are validated using parameters listed in this clause.

# **Audit commentary**

On upload the following validation is conducted by NEST:

- Checks for invalid dates and times
- Ensure that a read received is assigned to a meter on the correct ICP.
- Ensure that a read received is assigned to a meter with the correct serial number.
- Ensure that a read received is assigned to a channel with the correct channel number
- Check read date prior the last read date
- Ensure that our retailer is responsible for the ICP for the day of the read

Initially a small number of ICPs will be traded as NHH. Reads used for reconciliation will come from remote reads but if a meter stops communicating a MEP will be asked to provide a manual read. The manual read will be validated using the same parameters.

## **Audit outcome**

## Compliant

# 9.6. Electronic meter readings and estimated readings (Clause 17 Schedule 15.2)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 17 Schedule 15.2

## **Code related audit information**

Each validity check of electronically interrogated meter readings and estimate readings must be at a frequency that will allow a further interrogation of the data storage device before the data is overwritten within the data storage device and before this data can be used for any purpose under the Code.

Each validity check of a meter reading obtained by electronic interrogation or an estimated reading must include:

17(4)(a) - checks for missing data

17(4)(b) - checks for invalid dates and times

17(4)(c) - checks of unexpected 0 values

17(4)(d) - comparison with expected or previous flow patterns

17(4)(e) - comparisons of meter readings with data on any data storage device registers that are available

17(4)(f) - a review of the meter and data storage device event log for any event that could have affected the integrity of metering data

17(4)(g) – a review of the relevant metering data where there is an event that could have affected the integrity of the metering data

If there is an event that could affect the integrity of the metering data (including events reported by MEPs, but excluding where the MEP is responsible for investigating and remediating the event) the reconciliation must investigate and remediate any events.

If the event may affect the integrity or operation of the metering installation the reconciliation participant must notify the metering equipment provider.

# **Audit observation**

We reviewed the AMI data validation process. Sometimes reads will be received as remote readings and other situations manual reads will be provided by MEPs.

# **Audit commentary**

Initially a small number of ICPs will be traded as NHH. Reads used for reconciliation will come from AMI reads but if a meter stops communicating a MEP will be asked to provide a manual read. Two processes will be used to validate meter reads as AMI and manual reads will be validated as NHH meter reads. The two processes are very similar and are already being used by Electric Kiwi.

# **Audit outcome**

Compliant

# 10. Provision of metering information to the GRID OWNER in accordance with subpart 4 of Part 13 (Clause 15.38(1)(f))

# 10.1. Generators to provide HHR metering information (Clause 13.136)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 13.136

## Code related audit information

The generator (and/or embedded generator) must provide to the grid owner connected to the local network in which the embedded generator is located, half hour metering information in accordance with clause 13.138 in relation to generating plant that is subject to a dispatch instruction:

- that injects electricity directly into a local network; or
- if the meter configuration is such that the electricity flows into a local network without first passing through a grid injection point or grid exit point metering installation.

## **Audit observation**

Electric Kiwi is neither a generator nor embedded generator.

# **Audit commentary**

Electric Kiwi is neither a generator nor embedded generator.

## **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

# 10.2. Unoffered & intermittent generation provision of metering information (Clause 13.137)

# **Code reference**

Clause 13.137

# **Code related audit information**

Each generator must provide the relevant grid owner half-hour metering information for:

- any unoffered generation from a generating station with a point of connection to the grid 13.137(1)(a)
- any electricity supplied from an intermittent generating station with a point of connection to the grid. 13.137(1)(b)

The generator must provide the relevant grid owner with the half-hour metering information required under this clause in accordance with the requirements of Part 15 for the collection of that generator's volume information. (clause 13.137(2))

If such half-hour metering information is not available, the generator must provide the pricing manager and the relevant grid owner a reasonable estimate of such data. (clause 13.137(3))

# **Audit observation**

Electric Kiwi is neither a generator nor embedded generator.

# **Audit commentary**

Electric Kiwi is neither a generator nor embedded generator.

#### **Audit outcome**

# 10.3. Loss adjustment of HHR metering information (Clause 13.138)

## **Code reference**

Clause 13.138

## **Code related audit information**

The generator must provide the information required by clauses 13.136 and 13.137,

13.138(1)(a)- adjusted for losses (if any) relative to the grid injection point or, for embedded generators the grid exit point, at which it offered the electricity

13.138(1)(b)- in the manner and form that the pricing manager stipulates

13.138(1)(c)- by 0500 hours on a trading day for each trading period of the previous trading day.

The generator must provide the half-hour metering information required under this clause in accordance with the requirements of Part 15 for the collection of the generator's volume information.

## **Audit observation**

Electric Kiwi is neither a generator nor embedded generator.

# **Audit commentary**

Electric Kiwi is neither a generator nor embedded generator.

## **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

# 10.4. Notification of the provision of HHR metering information (Clause 13.140)

# **Code reference**

Clause 13.140

# **Code related audit information**

If the generator provides half-hourly metering information to a grid owner under clauses 13.136 to 13.138, or 13.138A, it must also, by 0500 hours of that day, advise the relevant grid owner.

# **Audit observation**

Electric Kiwi is neither a generator nor embedded generator.

# **Audit commentary**

Electric Kiwi is neither a generator nor embedded generator.

#### **Audit outcome**

## 11. Provision of Submission Information for Reconciliation

# 11.1. Buying and selling notifications (Clause 15.3)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 15.3

# **Code related audit information**

Unless an embedded generator has given a notification in respect of the point of connection under clause 15.3, a trader must give notice to the reconciliation manager if it is to commence or cease trading electricity at a point of connection using a profile with a profile code other than HHR, RPS, UML, EG1, or PV1 at least five business days before commencing or ceasing trader.

The notification must comply with any procedures or requirements specified by the reconciliation manager.

#### **Audit observation**

Electric Kiwi will use the HHR and RPS profile.

# **Audit commentary**

Electric Kiwi will use the HHR and RPS profile; trading notification will not be required.

#### **Audit outcome**

Compliant

# 11.2. Calculation of ICP days (Clause 15.6)

# **Code reference**

Clause 15.6

# **Code related audit information**

Each retailer and direct purchaser (excluding direct consumers) must deliver a report to the reconciliation manager detailing the number of ICP days for each NSP for each submission file of submission information in respect of:

15.6(1)(a) - submission information for the immediately preceding consumption period, by 1600 hours on the 4th business day of each reconciliation period

15.6(1)(b) - revised submission information provided in accordance with clause 15.4(2), by 1600 hours on the 13th business day of each reconciliation period.

The ICP days information must be calculated using the data contained in the retailer or direct purchaser's reconciliation system when it aggregates volume information for ICPs into submission information.

# **Audit observation**

We reviewed submission NHHVOLS files. Electric Kiwi walked us through the process. Files were created in a spreadsheet using test ICPs (small number). In the future files will be created in NEST.

# **Audit commentary**

ICPDAYS files will be submitted using file specs as outlined by the RM. Electric Kiwi already submits ICPDAYS for HHR ICPs.

#### **Audit outcome**

Compliant

# 11.3. Electricity supplied information provision to the reconciliation manager (Clause 15.7)

## **Code reference**

Clause 15.7

#### Code related audit information

A retailer must deliver to the reconciliation manager its total monthly quantity of electricity supplied for each NSP, aggregated by invoice month, for which it has provided submission information to the reconciliation manager, including revised submission information for that period as non-loss adjusted values in respect of:

15.7(a) - submission information for the immediately preceding consumption period, by 1600 hours on the 4th business day of each reconciliation period

15.7(b) - revised submission information provided in accordance with clause 15.4(2), by 1600 hours on the 13th business day of each reconciliation period.

#### **Audit observation**

This process will not change as a result of the implementation of trading NHH ICPs.

# **Audit commentary**

This process will not change as a result of the implementation of trading NHH ICPs.

#### **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

# 11.4. HHR aggregates information provision to the reconciliation manager (Clause 15.8)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 15.8

#### Code related audit information

A retailer or direct purchaser (excluding direct consumers) must deliver to the reconciliation manager its total monthly quantity of electricity supplied for each half hourly metered ICP for which it has provided submission information to the reconciliation manager, including:

15.8(a) - submission information for the immediately preceding consumption period, by 1600 hours on the 4th business day of each reconciliation period

15.8(b) - revised submission information provided in accordance with clause 15.4(2), by 1600 hours on the 13th business day of each reconciliation period.

## **Audit observation**

This process will not change as a result of the implementation of trading NHH ICPs.

## **Audit commentary**

This process will not change as a result of the implementation of trading NHH ICPs.

# **Audit outcome**

# 12. SUBMISSION COMPUTATION

# 12.1. Daylight saving adjustment (Clause 15.36)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 15.36

#### Code related audit information

The reconciliation participant must provide submission information to the reconciliation manager that is adjusted for NZDT using 1 of the techniques set out in clause 15.36(3) specified by the Authority.

#### **Audit observation**

This process will not change as a result of the implementation of trading NHH ICPs.

# **Audit commentary**

This process will not change as a result of the implementation of trading NHH ICPs.

#### **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

# 12.2. Creation of submission information (Clause 15.4)

# **Code reference**

Clause 15.4

#### Code related audit information

By 1600 hours on the 4th business day of each reconciliation period, the reconciliation participant must deliver submission information to the reconciliation manager for all NSPs for which the reconciliation participant is recorded in the registry as having traded electricity during the consumption period immediately before that reconciliation period (in accordance with Schedule 15.3).

By 1600 hours on the 13th business day of each reconciliation period, the reconciliation participant must deliver submission information to the reconciliation manager for all points of connection for which the reconciliation participant is recorded in the registry as having traded electricity during any consumption period being reconciled in accordance with clauses 15.27 and 15.28, and in respect of which it has obtained revised submission information (in accordance with Schedule 15.3).

# **Audit observation**

This clause relates to the timing of the sending of files, which are intended to be sent on time.

# **Audit commentary**

This clause relates to the timing of the sending of files, which are intended to be sent on time.

#### **Audit outcome**

Unable to determine

## 12.3. Allocation of submission information (Clause 15.5)

# **Code reference**

Clause 15.5

## **Code related audit information**

In preparing and submitting submission information, the reconciliation participant must allocate volume information for each ICP to the NSP indicated by the data held in the registry for the relevant consumption period at the time the reconciliation participant assembles the submission information. Volume information must be derived in accordance with Schedule 15.2.

However, if, in relation to a point of connection at which the reconciliation participant trades electricity, a notification given by an embedded generator under clause 15.13 for an embedded generating station is in force, the reconciliation participant is not required to comply with the above in relation to electricity generated by the embedded generating station.

#### **Audit observation**

The process for the calculation of initial and subsequent submission volumes was examined and discussed with Electric Kiwi's staff.

The registry data is used as the starting point for submissions to ensure each ICP is assigned to the NSP indicated by the data held in the registry

# **Audit commentary**

Electric Kiwi has a process in place to compare data recorded in the registry and data stored in NEST during the month and before each reconciliation run. An EDA file is uploaded to NEST daily to update records. NSP allocation is one of the variables that is checked .

Before a reconciliation run, ICP information and metering data will be copied to the spreadsheet, which will calculate volumes. The spreadsheet for each consecutive revision will be archived.

#### **Audit outcome**

Compliant

# 12.4. Grid owner volumes information (Clause 15.9)

## **Code reference**

Clause 15.9

## **Code related audit information**

The participant (if a grid owner) must deliver to the reconciliation manager for each point of connection for all of its GXPs, the following:

- submission information for the immediately preceding consumption period, by 1600 hours on the
   4th business day of each reconciliation period (clause 15.9(a))
- revised submission information provided in accordance with clause 15.4(2), by 1600 hours on the 13th business day of each reconciliation period. (clause 15.9(b))

#### **Audit observation**

Electric Kiwi is not a grid owner.

## **Audit commentary**

This clause is not applicable. Compliance was not assessed.

# **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

# 12.5. Provision of NSP submission information (Clause 15.10)

# **Code reference**

#### Clause 15.10

#### **Code related audit information**

The participant (if a local or embedded network owner) must provide to the reconciliation manager for each NSP for which the participant has given a notification under clause 25(1) Schedule 11.1 (which relates to the creation, decommissioning, and transfer of NSPs) the following:

- submission information for the immediately preceding consumption period, by 1600 hours on the
   4th business day of each reconciliation period (clause 15.10(a))
- revised submission information provided in accordance with clause 15.4(2), by 1600 hours on the 13th business day of each reconciliation period. (clause 15.10(b))

#### **Audit observation**

ELKI does not own any local or embedded network.

# **Audit commentary**

This clause is not applicable. Compliance was not assessed.

## **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

# 12.6. Grid connected generation (Clause 15.11)

## **Code reference**

Clause 15.11

## **Code related audit information**

The participant (if a grid connected generator) must deliver to the reconciliation manager for each of its points of connection, the following:

- submission information for the immediately preceding consumption period, by 1600 hours on the 4th business day of each reconciliation period (clause 15.11(a))
- revised submission information provided in accordance with clause 15.4(2), by 1600 hours on the 13th business day of each reconciliation period. (clause 15.11(b))

# **Audit observation**

Electric Kiwi is not a grid connected generator.

# **Audit commentary**

This clause is not applicable. Compliance was not assessed.

#### **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

## 12.7. Accuracy of submission information (Clause 15.12)

## **Code reference**

Clause 15.12

#### **Code related audit information**

If the reconciliation participant has submitted information and then subsequently obtained more accurate information, the participant must provide the most accurate information available to the

reconciliation manager or participant, as the case may be, at the next available opportunity for submission (in accordance with clauses 15.20A, 15.27, and 15.28).

## **Audit observation**

We checked the NHH submission processes to confirm compliance.

## **Audit commentary**

Electric Kiwi has a process in place to compare data recorded in the registry and data stored in NEST during the month and before each reconciliation run. An EDA file is uploaded to NEST daily to update records.

Electric Kiwi will use the existing process for RR files. If any RR file sent by ELKI is rejected, Flightpath report will alert an operator and the switch meter reading will be used. Any changes to meter reads will be recorded in NEST. Before each reconciliation run, ICP information and metering data will be copied from NEST to the spreadsheet. Volumes will be calculated using the spreadsheet. The spreadsheet for each consecutive revision will be archived.

## **Audit outcome**

Compliant

# 12.8. Permanence of meter readings for reconciliation (Clause 4 Schedule 15.2)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 4 Schedule 15.2

# **Code related audit information**

Only volume information created using validated meter readings, or if such values are unavailable, permanent estimates, has permanence within the reconciliation processes (unless subsequently found to be in error).

The relevant reconciliation participant must, at the earliest opportunity, and no later than the month 14 revision cycle, replace volume information created using estimated readings with volume information created using validated meter readings.

If, despite having used reasonable endeavours for at least 12 months, a reconciliation participant has been unable to obtain a validated meter reading, the reconciliation participant must replace volume information created using an estimated reading with volume information created using a permanent estimate in place of a validated meter reading.

## **Audit observation**

This was discussed during the audit. ELKI is aware of their obligation.

# **Audit commentary**

Compliance with this clause needs to be assess during the first audit after going live with NHH ICP trading and when NHH ICPs have been traded for 12 months

# **Audit outcome**

Unable to determine

# 12.9. Reconciliation participants to prepare information (Clause 2 Schedule 15.3)

## **Code reference**

Clause 2 Schedule 15.3

## **Code related audit information**

If a reconciliation participant prepares submission information for each NSP for the relevant consumption periods in accordance with the Code, such submission information for each ICP must comprise the following:

- half hour volume information for the total metered quantity of electricity for each ICP notified in accordance with clause 11.7(2) for which there is a category 3 or higher metering installation (clause 2(1)(a))for each ICP about which information is provided under clause 11.7(2) for which there is a category 1 or category 2 metering installation (clause 2(1)(ac) to 2(1)(ae)):
  - a) any half hour volume information for the ICP; or
  - b) any non half hour volumes information calculated under clauses 4 to 6 (as applicable).
  - c) unmetered load quantities for each ICP that has unmetered load associated with it derived from the quantity recorded in the registry against the relevant ICP and the number of days in the period, the distributed unmetered load database, or other sources of relevant information. (clause 2(1)(c))
- to create non half hour submission information a reconciliation participant must only use information that is dependent on a control device if (clause 2(2)):
  - a) the certification of the control device is recorded in the registry; or
  - b) the metering installation in which the control device is location has interim certification.
- to create submission information for a point of connection the reconciliation participant must use volume information (clause 2(3))
- to calculate volume information the reconciliation participant must apply raw meter data:
  - a) for each ICP, the compensation factor that is recorded in the registry (clause 2(4)(a))
  - b) for each NSP the compensation factor that is recorded in the metering installations most recent certification report. (clause 2(4)(b))

#### **Audit observation**

Electric Kiwi is already able to submit NHHVOLS for UML ICPs, if the need arises.

Volume calculation for NHH ICPs will be calculated in a specially designed spreadsheet.

## **Audit commentary**

We assessed compliance with this clause and confirm as follows:

- All NHH ICPs will be submitted with the profile RPS
- No profiles requiring a certified control device will be used

We walked through the process for NHHVOLS file creation and confirmed compliance.

# **Audit outcome**

Compliant

# 12.10. Historical estimates and forward estimates (Clause 3 Schedule 15.3)

# **Code reference**

Clause 3 Schedule 15.3

# **Code related audit information**

For each ICP that has a non-half hour metering installation, volume information derived from validated meter readings, estimated readings, or permanent estimates must be allocated to consumption periods using the following techniques to create historical estimates and forward estimates. (clause 3(1))

Each estimate that is a forward estimate or a historical estimate must clearly be identified as such. (clause 3(2))

If validated meter readings are not available for the purpose of clauses 4 and 5, permanent estimates may be used in place of validated meter readings. (clause 3(3))

## **Audit observation**

We reviewed the process for the calculation of historical estimates and forward estimates. We walked through the process to create NNHVOLS .

## **Audit commentary**

Electric Kiwi created NHHVOLS in their test system (spreadsheet). We confirm that historic estimates were included and identified correctly in submission files.

### **Audit outcome**

Compliant

# 12.11. Historical estimate process (Clause 4 and 5 Schedule 15.3)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 4 and 5 Schedule 15.3

## **Code related audit information**

The methodology outlined in clause 4 of Schedule 15.3 must be used when preparing historic estimates of volume information for each ICP when the relevant seasonal adjustment shape is available.

If a seasonal adjustment shape is not available, the methodology for preparing an historical estimate of volume information for each ICP must be the same as in clause 4, except that the relevant quantities  $kWh_{Px}$  must be prorated as determined by the reconciliation participant using its own methodology or on a flat shape basis using the relevant number of days that are within the consumption period and within the period covered by  $kWh_{Px}$ .

# **Audit observation**

We provided Electric Kiwi with a set of scenarios to validate the accuracy of the calculation of historic and forward estimation for NHH ICPs.

# **Audit commentary**

At the time of the audit, the calculations are conducted in the spreadsheet called "Manual Estimation"

The results of the calculation of historic and forward estimation are shown in the table below:

Ref	Test	Comments	Comment
1	Switch in during the month with estimated switch read, actual read gained in the next month, full profile data available.	Confirm that HE is calculated for the relevant part of the month, even though the switch in read is an estimate, and calculation begins on correct day	Compliant
2	Switch in during the month with actual switch read, actual read gained in the next month, full profile data available.	Confirm that HE is calculated for the relevant part of the month, and calculation begins on correct day	Compliant

4	Switch out on estimate during the month	Confirm that HE is calculated even though the reading is an estimate Confirm that HE calculation ends on the correct day.	Compliant
5	Switch out on actual during the month	Confirm that HE is calculated for the relevant part of the month, and calculation ends on correct day	Compliant
6	Complete month without a read in the month	Read in the previous month and the month after, confirm correct HE for the month	Compliant
7	Complete month with a read during the month	Confirm the two calculations for the month are correct	Compliant
10	Switch in 2 months ago, first actual read gained in current month, profile data not available for current month	Confirm estimation is shown as forward, not historic	Compliant
13	Two reads in the same month	Confirm usage between two reads is 'Historic' even if no profile data is available	Compliant

## **Audit outcome**

# Compliant

# 12.12. Forward estimate process (Clause 6 Schedule 15.3)

# **Code reference**

Clause 6 Schedule 15.3

## **Code related audit information**

Forward estimates may be used only in respect of any period for which an historical estimate cannot be calculated.

The methodology used for calculating a forward estimate may be determined by the reconciliation participant, only if it ensures that the accuracy is within the percentage of error specified by the Authority.

# **Audit observation**

We reviewed the estimation process used in the situation where no actual read is available. Electric Kiwi developed a new module within NEST called "Performing Manual Estimation for X ICP".

# **Audit commentary**

Missing consumption records will be created using one of the following estimation algorithms, based on the priority below:

- 1. Zero Estimator
- This estimator is only used when a Nester adds a '23 Zero Estimator' customer event as we know the estimates should be 0 until further notice. It is used for example when a new ICP is gained, average daily consumption is "0" kWh, no actual read yet, no consumption history.

- 2. Historic Estimator
- Uses the total consumption from the Register Read and profiles this across missing intervals based on historic ICP usage
- 3. Customer Historic Estimator
- Uses the total consumption from the Register Read and profiles this across missing intervals based on historic customer usage
- 4. EMI Estimator
- Uses the total consumption from the Register Read and profiles this across missing intervals based on the EMI profile

We walked through 3 scenarios and we are confident the methodology applied is correct. The way in which NHH estimation is calculated is very similar to the methodology used for HHR ICPs.

## **Audit outcome**

Compliant

# 12.13. Compulsory meter reading after profile change (Clause 7 Schedule 15.3)

## **Code reference**

Clause 7 Schedule 15.3

#### Code related audit information

If the reconciliation participant changes the profile associated with a meter, it must, when determining the volume information for that meter and its respective ICP, use a validated meter reading or permanent estimate on the day on which the profile change is to take effect.

The reconciliation participant must use the volume information from that validated meter reading or permanent estimate in calculating the relevant historical estimates of each profile for that meter.

#### **Audit observation**

This process will not change as a result of the implementation of trading NHH ICPs.

# **Audit commentary**

This process will not change as a result of the implementation of trading NHH ICPs.

## **Audit outcome**

# 13.1. Provision of submission information to the RM (Clause 8 Schedule 15.3)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 8 Schedule 15.3

#### Code related audit information

For each category 3 of higher metering installation, a reconciliation participant must provide half hour submission information to the reconciliation manager.

For each category 1 or category 2 metering installation, a reconciliation participant must provide to the reconciliation manager:

- Half hour submission information; or
- Non half hour submission information; or
- A combination of half hour submission information and non half hour submission information

However, a reconciliation participant may instead use a profile if:

- The reconciliation participant is using a profile approved in accordance with clause Schedule 15.5; and
- The approved profile allows the reconciliation participant to provide half hour submission information from a non half hour metering installation; and
- The reconciliation participant provides submission information that complies with the requirements set out in the approved profile.

Half hour submission information provided to the reconciliation manager must be aggregated to the following levels:

- NSP code
- reconciliation type
- profile
- loss category code
- flow direction
- dedicated NSP
- trading period

The non-half hour submission information that a reconciliation participant submits must be aggregated to the following levels:

- NSP code
- reconciliation type
- profile
- loss category code
- flow direction
- dedicated NSP
- consumption period or day

# **Audit observation**

We reviewed submission NHHVOLS files. Electric Kiwi walked us through the process. Files were created in a spreadsheet using test ICPs (small number). In the future files will be created in NEST.

# **Audit commentary**

NHHVOLS submissions will be submitted using file specs as outlined by the RM. Electric Kiwi is already able to submit NHHVOLS for UML ICPs, if the need arises.

#### **Audit outcome**

## Compliant

# 13.2. Reporting resolution (Clause 9 Schedule 15.3)

## **Code reference**

Clause 9 Schedule 15.3

# **Code related audit information**

When reporting submission information, the number of decimal places must be rounded to not more than 2 decimal places.

If the unrounded digit to the right of the second decimal place is greater than or equal to 5, the second digit is rounded up, and

If the digit to the right of the second decimal place is less than 5, the second digit is unchanged.

#### **Audit observation**

We reviewed submission volumes provided by Electric Kiwi. Initially, submission files will be created in the spreadsheet designed for this specific purpose.

# **Audit commentary**

The review of submission NHHVOLS files confirmed that submission data is rounded to two decimal places (2DP).

## **Audit outcome**

Compliant

# 13.3. Historical estimate reporting to RM (Clause 10 Schedule 15.3)

# **Code reference**

Clause 10 Schedule 15.3

#### Code related audit information

By 1600 hours on the 13th business day of each reconciliation period the reconciliation participant must report to the reconciliation manager the proportion of historical estimates per NSP contained within its non-half hour submission information.

The proportion of submission information per NSP that is comprised of historical estimates must (unless exceptional circumstances exist) be:

- at least 80% for revised data provided at the month 3 revision (clause 10(3)(a))
- at least 90% for revised data provided at the month 7 revision (clause 10(3)(b))
- 100% for revised data provided at the month 14 revision. (clause 10(3)(c))

# **Audit observation**

We checked whether compliance with this clause was likely to be achieved.

# **Audit commentary**

At this point we are not able to determine if compliance will be achieved. It needs to be assessed during the first audit after going live with NHH ICP trading, when NHH ICPs have been traded for at least 3 months.

# **Audit outcome**

Unable to determine

# CONCLUSION

# PARTICIPANT RESPONSE